

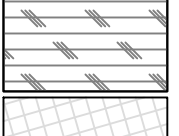
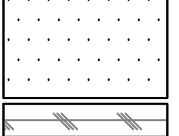
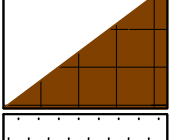
Existing trees to be retained. Refer to We know Services Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Arboricultural Method Statement

Proposed tree planting

Proposed hedge planting

Proposed shrub planting

Turf/A22 seed mix



Indicative extent of 1:3 banking, refer to Architects drawings

Tarmac

Coloured tarmac

600 x 600 PCC paving

Plant Schedule						
Trass	Abbreviation	Species	Height	Girth	Specification	Pot Size/Number of Plants
ACST	Acer	campestre 'Street Wise'	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B 2
BP	Betula	pendula	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x RB 3
BJ	Betula	villis jacquemontii	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x RB 6
PCC	Pinus	calleryana 'Chariticlee'	300-350cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B 3
SAS	Sorbus	auscup. 'Sheerwater Seedling'	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B 3
SA	Sorbus	auscuparia	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B 2
						Total :19 No.
Native Hedge Mix - To be planted in a double, staggered row, randomly mixed						
Abbreviation	Species	Mix Species Contribution	Specification	Height	Pot Size	Density/Number
CORAV	Corylus	avellana	Transplant 1:1	60-80cm	B	4m 28
CRAMON	Crataegus	monogyna	30%	Transplant 1:1	60-80cm	B 4m 41
ILEA	Ilex	aquifolium	10%	Container	60-80cm	SL 4m 14
PRUSP	Prunus	spinosa	20%	Transplant 1:1	60-80cm	B 4m 28
ROSAR	Rosa	anvensis	10%	Transplant 1:1	60-80cm	B 4m 14
ROSCA	Rosa	canina	10%	Transplant 1:1	60-80cm	B 4m 14
						Total :100%
						Total :139 No.
Hedges						
Abbreviation	Species	Specification	Height	Girth	Pot Size	Density/Number of Plants
FS	Fagus	sylvatica	Double staggered row	60-80cm	B	4m 256
LAM	Leucodula	angustifolia 'Munstead'	Single row	25-30cm	SL	4m 213
PLO	Prunus	laurocerasus 'Otto Luyken'	Single row	60-80cm	SL	3m 111
						Total :580 No.

Shrubs	Abbreviation	Species	Height	Pot Size	Density	Number of Plants
BCO	Bergenia	cordifolia	25-30cm	3L	6m ²	12
Ctr	Ceanothus	thyrsiflorus repens	20-30cm	3L	6m ²	18
ESQ	Euonymus	fortunei 'Silver Queen'	20-30cm	3L	4m ²	45
EUEG	Euonymus	fortunei 'Emerald Gaiety'	20-30cm	3L	6m ²	135
HEP	Hebe	pinguifolia 'Page'	30-40cm	3L	6m ²	27
HG	Hebe	'Green Globe'	30-40cm	3L	6m ²	17
HMW	Hebe	'Mrs Winder'	30-40cm	3L	6m ²	27
MAA	Mahonia	aquifolium 'Apollo'	30-40cm	3L	4m ²	5
SR	Skimmia	japonica 'Rubella'	30-40cm	3L	4m ²	18
SS	Sorbus	'Sunshine'	30-40cm	3L	6m ²	8
VD	Viburnum	davidi	30-40cm	3L	6m ²	17
VTE	Viburnum	luridus 'Eve Price'	40-60cm	5L	4m ²	4
						Total :387 No.



SPECIFICATION

GROUND PREPARATION - GENERAL

Preparing topsoil

Grading and cultivation shall be in accordance with BS 4428:1989 section 4. Subsoil that is to receive topsoil shall, whether obviously overcompacted or not, be thoroughly broken up by hand, by heavy rotavator, by subsoiler or tined equipment with adequate passes made to thoroughly break up the surface to a depth of 150mm, cleared of all large stones, bricks, perennial weeds, tree roots (excluding living tree roots), coarse vegetation and other extraneous matter.

Subsoil grading

Subsoil shall only be graded after loosening as above, and this shall be undertaken by the use of a tractor and blade grader on large areas and by a small mechanical grader or by hand on small areas. Ground shall at no time be traversed by heavy machinery, for grading or any other purpose after subsoiling and/or topsoiling has taken place.

Making up levels

When subsoil is deposited in low lying areas to raise formation levels, it shall be lightly consolidated and left broken up ready to receive topsoil. Imported fill material shall be natural subsoil free from metal, concrete or organic material with any one dimension greater than 100mm. All imported fill material shall be approved by the Landscape Architect prior to spreading on site.

Supply of topsoil

Topsoil to be supplied shall be approved by the Landscape Architect and details of the source of supply shall be provided in order that inspection may be made before delivery commences. Topsoil shall conform to BS 3882: 2015. Recommendations and classification for topsoil, clause 4.1a. The soil shall be free of weeds, roots or perennial weeds, pests, diseases, debris, tree roots, sticks, subsoil and foreign matter and shall be capable of being broken down to a fine 8th.

Temporary topsoil heaps

The depositing of temporary heaps of topsoil shall be so arranged that possible damage to existing grass, plants, tarmac, paving etc, is avoided. Unless otherwise agreed by the Landscape Architect, temporary spoil heaps shall be on protected ground. Such protection shall take the form of tarpaulins, plastic sheets, boards or similar covering. If damage does occur, it shall be made good at the contractor's own expense. Areas excavated to receive topsoil but have not had the base loosened shall not be used as temporary off loading areas. If the bottom of the excavation has been loosened off, loading on these areas is permissible.

Spreading topsoil

Prior to topsoil replacement the formation level shall be cleared of all stones, rubbish, debris with any one dimension greater than 75mm. Areas to be seeded or turfed shall be covered by topsoil 100mm thick and areas to be planted shall be covered by topsoil 400mm thick. Topsoil shall be spread in an evenly consolidated layer and shall be left cleared of all rods, stones and debris with any one dimension greater than 50mm throughout its depth. Unless otherwise stated the finished level shall be 25mm above adjacent hard areas. No topsoil shall be spread until the subsoil grade has been inspected by a Landscape Architect.

PLANTING

Cultivation

Planting areas shall be raked to a depth of 225mm in the original ground, or where the ground is compacted, ripped and raked. Pick off stones, bricks, timber and all other debris arising which have any dimensions greater than 50mm and remove off site to tip. Do not cultivate across any drain where the stone is flush with the ground surface.

Soil Improvers

Where directed composts, fertilisers or other additives shall be incorporated into the soil. Spent mushroom compost or similar shall be spread to the specified thickness and incorporated, by rotavating, into the top 150mm. Fertilisers, organic or inorganic, shall be raked into the top 25mm.

Rejection of plants

All plant material should comply with the minimum requirements in BS 3936-1: 1992 Specification for trees and shrubs and BS 3936-4: 2007 Specification for forest trees. Any plant material, which in the opinion of the Landscape Architect, does not meet the requirements of the Specification, or is unsuitable, or defective in any other way, will be rejected. The minimum specified sizes in the plant schedule will be strictly enforced. The contractor shall replace all plants rejected at his own cost.

Planting

All plant material shall generally be planted between November and March in open cool weather. Planting shall not take place in frosty, snowy or waterlogged conditions. Where approved, pot or container grown plants may be planted outside the described season, but adequate watering shall be supplied. Torn or damaged roots and branches shall be cleanly pruned prior to planting.

Planting of whips, transplants and shrubs

The nature of the material to be planted is variable and the contractor shall allow for planting to be properly carried out in all cases as described in BS 4428: 1989 section 7 Amenity tree planting, section 8 Woodland planting and section 9 Planting of shrubs, herbaceous and bulbs. All plants shall be planted at same depth, or very slightly deeper, as they were grown. Roots shall not be bent, broken or forced into inadequate pits or notches. Plants shall be upright, firmed in and wind resistant, with no air pockets around roots. All pots and root wrappings shall be carefully removed prior to planting. All pots and wrappings arising shall immediately be picked up and stored ready for removal to tip. Plants shall be planted at the specified centres. On steep slopes this shall be in the horizontal measure.

Tree planting within soft landscape areas

Trees shall conform to BS 3936-1: 1992 and be planted in tree pits of the following sizes unless directed otherwise:
Feathered trees - 900 x 900 x 450
Selected standards - 1000 x 1000 x 600
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - 1200 x 1200 x 600
Excavated subsoil or stone shall be carted off site to tip. The bottom 250mm of the pit shall be dug and broken up. The bottom of the pit shall be backfilled with subsoil (site or imported) to comply with BS 8801: 2013. The top 300mm of the pit shall be backfilled with imported topsoil as specified unless directed otherwise.

Compost for planting pits

Compost shall be a proprietary product, bark based incorporating fertilisers and improving additives. The type of compost shall be approved before its delivery on site, and the details of the product shall be supplied. Cambrak planting compost is approved. Where directed compost shall be added to and mixed with topsoil backfill at the following rates:
Feathered trees - 40 litres
Selected standards - 60 litres
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - 80 litres

Stakes for trees

Stakes shall be peeled round softwood, pointed, minimum diameter 75mm. The stakes shall be driven into the base of the tree pit prior to placing the tree and backfilling. Stakes shall in general have a clear height above the finished ground level as follows unless directed otherwise:
Feathered trees - 750mm (one tie)
Selected standards - 900mm (2 stakes, one tie each)
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - 1200mm (2 stakes, one tie each)
The stakes shall be long enough to drive until they hold the tree firmly without rocking.

Tree ties

Ties for bare-root trees, shall be approved rubber nail-on type with cushioned spacer such as Toms, or other equal and approved. Nails shall be flat headed galvanised and shall hold the ties securely into the stake. Ties shall not be over tight on the tree stems. Ties available from J Toms Limited, Wheeler Street, Headcorn, Ashford, Kent, TN27 9SH.
Feathered Type - 04 (one tie)
Select standards - Type L1 (one tie per stake)
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - Type L3 (one tie per stake)

Ties for rootball and container grown trees shall be 50mm rubber tree belts in a figure of eight around the tree. Fixed to the stake with two flat head galvanised nails.
Feathered - one belt
Select standards Type - two belts
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - two belts

Planting of trees

The tree shall be set upright and at the same depth as grown in the nursery, the roots shall be spread out (bareroot) and the soil followed by compost topsoil mixture, backfilled. Backfilling should be done to ensure close contact between roots and by firming in layers (bareroot). The soil shall be left level and tidy, any subsoil clods, bricks or stones over 50mm arising, collected and carted off site.

Mulching

A 75mm compacted layer of medium grade pulverised bark, with a particle size of not more than 100mm and containing no more than 10% fines, shall be spread to form a continuous layer covering the whole of the bed, or in the case of standard trees within grass shall be in the form of a circle of 600mm diameter around the base of the tree. Whips and transplants shall be mulched in the form of a 300mm diameter circle around the base of the tree. Where trees are planted within grass a circular hemp mulch mat is required beneath the layer of mulch at the diameters stated above, secured with fixing pegs. The tree pit surface shall be as big as possible.

TURFING

Soil preparation and cultivation

All areas to be turfed shall be cultivated to a depth of at least 100mm, all weeds, stones and refuse larger than 50mm shall be removed to Contractor's tip, and shall be brought to a fine tilt. Allow for hand cultivation where machine work is not possible.

Turf

Turf shall be extra-quality meadow turf and shall comply to BS 3969: 1998 +A1: 2013 and shall be laid in accordance with BS 4428: 1998, section 6, Turfing. The Contractor shall supply a sample of the turf he proposed to use for approval of the Landscape Architect and shall ensure that all turves are similar to the approved sample. The Contractor shall inform the Landscape Architect of the location of the supply, so that turf can be inspected prior to lifting.

Season

Turf shall be laid when weather and soil conditions are suitable and, where possible, preference should be given to autumn and early winter operations. No turf shall be laid in exceptionally dry or frosty weather or in other unsuitable weather conditions.

Delivery and stacking

For large areas, turf shall be delivered at appropriate intervals throughout the work so as to avoid stacking for long periods.

Laying

No turf shall be laid until the soil preparation has been satisfactorily completed by being brought to an even 8th and firmness. Turves from the stack shall be wheeled to turf layers on planks laid closely side by side. Adequate timber planks shall be used to support operatives and barrows, and provide access. The turves shall be laid in consecutive rows with broken joints (neither bond), closely butted and to the correct levels. The turf shall be laid off planks working over turves previously laid. Where necessary, the turves shall be lightly and evenly firmed with wooden beaters, the bottom of the beaters being frequently scraped clean of accumulated soil or mud. A dressing of finely sifted topsoil shall be applied and well brushed into the joints. Any inequalities in finished levels owing to variation in turf thickness or uneven consolidation of soil shall be adjusted by raking and/or packing fine soil under the turf. A roller shall not be used. The finished levels of the turf shall conform to the levels indicated, allowing for final settlement. Turf edges and margins shall be laid with whole turves. Turves adjoining buildings, walls or fences shall be taken to the face of the structure, giving complete soil cover.

Laying around trees

Turf shall not be laid to within 300mm of any tree trunk.

Watering

The Contractor shall be responsible for the replacement of any scorched turf. All necessary watering shall be carried out with sprinklers or oscillating sprays so as not to wash soil out of joints. If shrinkage occurs and the joints open, fine topsoil shall be brushed in and well watered.

PROTECTION TO EXISTING TREES

Refer to We know Services Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Arboricultural Method Statement

MAINTENANCE

All maintenance to be carried out up to handover to the adopting authority/ householders from the local Planning Authority states, in writing, any variation to this.

Weeding

All beds to be kept weed free by hand weeding. Beds to be forked over as necessary to keep soil loose to approved cambers with no hollows.

Pruning

At appropriate time, prune plants to remove dead, dying or diseased wood and suckers to promote healthy growth and natural shape.

Watering

The Contractor shall ensure that sufficient water is applied to maintain healthy growth.

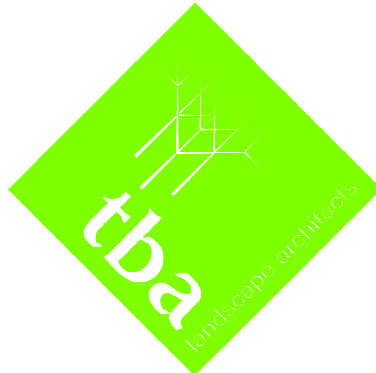
Litter

Site to be kept free of litter.

Grass cutting

The initial cut shall be carried out when first growth is apparent, blades set 20mm above ground. The Contractor shall continue cutting at appropriate intervals during the growing season and maintain 40mm high sward until grass areas are handed over. Watering, weeding, cutting, repair of all erosion and settlement and re-seeding as necessary to establish a uniform and healthy stand of grass shall continue until handover to the householders.

Amends to latest layout	02.08.23	A	JW
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Landscape Architecture
Arbiculture

Trevor Bridge Associates Ltd
Ashdon Old Bells
Stanford Street West
Ashdon-under-Lyne
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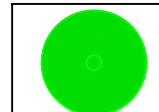
Tel: 0161-804 2099
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Project
**PHEONIX WORKS, BROOKES STREET,
MIDDLETON
TYSON CONSTRUCTION**

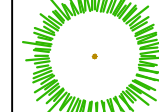
Title
LANDSCAPE PROPOSALS

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Dwn	Chkd		
JW			





Existing trees to be retained. Refer to We know Services Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Arboricultural Method Statement



Proposed tree planting



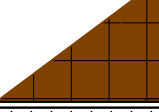
Proposed hedge planting



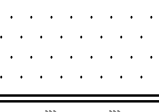
Proposed shrub planting



Turf/A22 seed mix



Indicative extent of 1:3 banking, refer to Architects drawings



Tarmac



Coloured tarmac



600 x 600 PCC paving

Typical Plant Schedule						
Trees						
Abbreviation	Species	Height	Girth	Specification	Pot Size	
ACS7	Acer campestre 'Street Wise'	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B	
BP	Betula pendula	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x RB	
BU	Betula utilis jacquemontii	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x RB	
PCC	Prunus candelabra 'Chanticleer'	300-350cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B	
SAS	Sorbus aucuparia	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B	
SA	Sorbus aucuparia	350-425cm	12-14cm	Heavy Standard	3x B	
Native Hedge Mix - To be planted in a double, staggered row, randomly mixed						
Abbreviation	Species	Mix Species Contribution	Specification	Height	Pot Size	Density
CORAV	Corylus avellana	20%	Transplant 1+1	60-80cm B	4m	
CRAMON	Crataegus monogyna	30%	Transplant 1+1	60-80cm B	4m	
ILEA	Ilex aquifolium	10%	Container	60-80cm SL	4m	
PRUSP	Prunus spinosa	20%	Transplant 1+1	60-80cm B	4m	
ROSAAR	Rosa arvensis	10%	Transplant 1+1	60-80cm B	4m	
ROSCA	Rosa canina	10%	Transplant 1+1	60-80cm B	4m	
		Total 100%				
Hedges						
Abbreviation	Species	Specification	Height	Girth	Pot Size	Density
FS	Fagus sylvatica	Double staggered row	60-80cm	B	4m	
LaM	Lavandula angustifolia 'Munstead'	Single row	25-30cm	SL	4m	
PLO	Prunus laurocerasus 'Zotto Layton'	Single row	60-80cm	SL	3m	

Shrubs	Species	Height	Pot Size	Density
BOO	Bergenia cordifolia	25-30cm	3L	6/m²
Cr	Ceanothus thyrsiflorus repens	20-30cm	3L	6/m²
ESQ	Eunymus fortunei 'Silver Queen'	20-30cm	3L	4/m²
EUEG	Eunymus fortunei 'Emerald Gaiety'	20-30cm	3L	6/m²
HEP	Hebe pinguifolia 'Page'	30-40cm	3L	6/m²
HG	Hebe 'Green Globe'	30-40cm	3L	6/m²
HMW	Hebe 'Mrs Winder'	30-40cm	3L	6/m²
MaA	Mahonia aquifolium 'Apollo'	30-40cm	3L	4/m²
SR	Sieris japonica 'Rubella'	30-40cm	3L	4/m²
SS	Senecio 'Sunshine'	30-40cm	3L	6/m²
VD	Viburnum davidii	30-40cm	3L	6/m²
VTE	Viburnum tinus 'Eve Price'	40-60cm	5L	4/m²



SPECIFICATION

GROUND PREPARATION - GENERAL

Preparing for topsoil
Grading and cultivation shall be in accordance with BS 4428:1989 section 4. Subsoil that is to receive topsoil shall, whether obviously overcompacted or not, be thoroughly broken up by hand, by heavy rotavator, by subsoiler or lined equipment with adequate passes made to thoroughly break up the surface to a depth of 150mm, cleared of all large stones, bricks, perennial weeds, tree roots (excluding living tree roots), coarse vegetation and other extraneous matter.

Subsoil grading
Subsoil shall only be graded after loosening as above, and this shall be undertaken by the use of a tractor and blade grader on large areas and by a small mechanical grader or by hand on small areas. Ground shall at no time be traversed by heavy machinery, for grading or any other purpose after subsoiling and/or topsoiling has taken place.

Making up levels
When subsoil is deposited in low lying areas to raise formation levels, it shall be lightly consolidated and left broken up ready to receive topsoil. Imported fill material shall be natural subsoil free from metal, concrete or organic material with any one dimension greater than 100mm. All imported fill material shall be approved by the Landscape Architect prior to spreading on site.

Supply of topsoil
Topsoil to be supplied shall be approved by the Landscape Architect and details of the source of supply shall be provided in order that inspection may be made before delivery commences. Topsoil shall conform to BS 3882: 2015. Recommendations and classification for topsoil, clause 4.1a. The soil shall be free of weeds, roots or perennial weeds, pests, diseases, debris, tree roots, sticks, subsoil and foreign matter and shall be capable of being broken down to a fine tilth.

Temporary topsoil heaps
The depositing of temporary heaps of topsoil shall be so arranged that possible damage to existing grass, plants, lawns, paving etc. is avoided. Unless otherwise agreed by the Landscape Architect, temporary spoil heaps shall be on protected ground. Such protection shall take the form of tarpaulins, plastic sheets, boards or similar covering. If damage does occur, it shall be made good at the contractor's own expense. Areas excavated to receive topsoil but have not had the base loosened shall not be used as temporary off loading areas. If the bottom of the excavation has been loosened off, loading on these areas is permissible.

Spreading topsoil
Prior to topsoil replacement the formation level shall be cleared of all stones, rubbish, debris with any one dimension greater than 75mm. Areas to be seeded or turfed shall be covered by topsoil 100mm thick and areas to be planted shall be covered by topsoil 400mm thick. Topsoil shall be spread in an evenly consolidated layer and shall be left cleared of all roots, stones and debris with any one dimension greater than 50mm throughout its depth. Unless otherwise stated the finished level shall be 25mm above adjacent hard areas. No topsoil shall be spread until the subsoil grade has been inspected by a Landscape Architect.

PLANTING

Cultivation
Planting areas shall be rotavated to a depth of 225mm in the original ground, or where the ground is compacted, ripped and rotavated. Pick off stones, bricks, timber and all other debris arising which have any dimensions greater than 50mm and remove off site to tip. Do not cultivate across any drain where the stone is flush with the ground surface.

Soil improvers
Where directed composts, fertilisers or other additives shall be incorporated into the soil. Spent mushroom compost or similar shall be spread to the specified thickness and incorporated, by rotavating, into the top 150mm. Fertilisers, organic or inorganic, shall be raked into the top 25mm.

Rejection of plants
All plant material shall comply with the minimum requirements in BS 3096-1: 1992 Specification for trees and shrubs and BS 3096-4: 2007 Specification for forest trees. Any plant material, which in the opinion of the Landscape Architect, does not meet the requirements of the Specification, or is unsuitable, or defective in any other way, will be rejected. The minimum specified sizes of the plant schedule will be strictly enforced. The contractor shall replace all plants rejected at his own cost.

Planting
All plant material shall generally be planted between November and March in open cool weather. Planting shall not take place in frosty, snowy or waterlogged conditions. Where approved, pot or container grown plants may be planted outside the specified season, but adequate watering shall be supplied. Torn or damaged roots and branches shall be clearly pruned prior to planting.

Planting of whips, transplants and shrubs
The nature of the material to be planted is variable and the contractor shall allow for planting to be properly carried out in all cases as described in BS 4428: 1989 section 7 Amenity tree planting, section 8 Woodland planting and section 9 Planting of shrubs, herbaceous and bulbs. All plants shall be planted at same depth, or very slightly deeper, as they were grown. Roots shall not be bent, broken or forced into inadequate pits or notches. Plants shall be upright, firmed in and wind resistant, with no air pockets around roots. All pots and root wrappings shall be carefully removed prior to planting. All pots and wrappings arising shall immediately be picked up and stored ready for removal to tip. Plants shall be planted at the specified centres. On steep slopes this shall be in the horizontal measure.

Tree planting within soft landscape areas
Trees shall conform to BS 3096-1: 1992 and be planted in tree pits of the following sizes unless directed otherwise:
Feathered trees - 900 x 900 x 450
Selected standards - 1000 x 1000 x 600
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - 1200 x 1200 x 600
Excavated subsoil or stone shall be carted off site to tip. The bottom 250mm of the pit shall be dug and broken up. The bottom of the pit shall be backfilled with subsoil (site or imported) to comply with BS 8601: 2013. The top 300mm of the pit shall be backfilled with imported topsoil as specified unless directed otherwise.

Compost for planting pits
Compost shall be a proprietary product, bark based incorporating fertilisers and improving additives. The type of compost shall be approved before its delivery on site, and the details of the product shall be supplied. Cambark planting compost is approved. Where directed compost shall be added to and mixed with topsoil backfill at the following rates:
Feathered trees - 40 litres
Selected standards - 60 litres
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - 80 litres

Stakes for trees
Stakes shall be peeled round softwood, pointed, minimum diameter 75mm. The stakes shall be driven into the base of the tree pit prior to placing the tree and backfilling. Stakes shall in general have a clear height above the finished ground level as follows unless directed otherwise:
Feathered trees - 750mm (one tie)
Selected standards - 900mm (2 stakes, one tie each)
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - 1200mm (2 stakes, one tie each)
The stake shall be long enough to drive until they hold the tree firmly without rocking.

Tree ties
Ties for bare-root trees, shall be approved rubber nail-on type with cushioned spacer such as Toms, or other equal and approved. Nails shall be flat headed galvanised and shall hold the ties securely into the stake. Ties shall not be over tight on the tree stems. Ties available from J Toms Limited, Wheeler Street, Headcorn, Ashford, Kent, TN27 9SH.
Feathered Type - 04 (one tie)
Select standards - Type L1 (one tie per stake)
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - Type L3 (one tie per stake)

Ties for rootball and container grown trees shall be 50mm rubber tree belts in a figure of eight around the tree. Fixed to the stake with two flat head galvanised nails.
Feathered - one belt
Select standards Type - two belts
Heavy standards/Extra heavy standards - two belts

Planting of trees
The tree shall be set upright and at the same depth as grown in the nursery, the roots shall be spread out (bare-root) and the soil followed by compost topsoil mixture, backfilled. Backfilling should be done to ensure close contact between roots and by firming in layers (bare-root). The soil shall be left level and tidy, any subsoil clods, bricks or stones over 50mm arising, collected and carted off site.

Mulching
A 75mm compacted layer of medium grade pulverised bark, with a particle size of not more than 100mm and containing no more than 10% fines, shall be spread to form a continuous layer covering the whole of the bed, or in the case of standard trees within grass shall be in the form of a circle of 600mm diameter around the base of the tree. Whips and transplants shall be mulched in the form of a 300mm diameter circle around the base of the tree. Where trees are planted within grass a circular hemp mulch mat is required beneath the layer of mulch at the diameters stated above, secured with fixing pegs. The tree pit surface shall be as big as possible.

TURFING

Soil preparation and cultivation
All areas to be turfed shall be cultivated to a depth of at least 100mm, all weeds, stones and refuse larger than 50mm shall be removed to Contractor's tip, and shall be brought to a fine tilth. Allow for hand cultivation where machine work is not possible.

Turf
Turf shall be extra-quality meadow turf and shall comply with BS 3969: 1998 +A1: 2013 and shall be laid in accordance with BS 4428: 1998, section 6, Turfing. The Contractor shall supply a sample of the turf he proposed to use for approval of the Landscape Architect and shall ensure that all turves are similar to the approved sample. The Contractor shall inform the Landscape Architect of the location of the supply, so that turf can be inspected prior to lifting.

Season
Turf shall be laid when weather and soil conditions are suitable and, where possible, preference should be given to autumn and early winter operations. No turf shall be laid in exceptionally dry or frosty weather or in other unsuitable weather conditions.

Delivery and stacking
For large areas, turf shall be delivered at appropriate intervals throughout the work so as to avoid stacking for long periods.

Laying
No turf shall be laid until the soil preparation has been satisfactorily completed by being brought to an even tilth and firmness. Turves from the stack shall be wheeled to turf layers on planks laid closely side by side. Adequate timber planks shall be used to support operatives and barrows, and provide access. The turves shall be laid in consecutive rows with broken joints (stretchers bond), closely butted and to the correct levels. The turf shall be laid off planks working over turves previously laid. Where necessary, the turves shall be lightly and evenly firmed with wooden beaters, the bottom of the beaters being frequently scraped clean of accumulated soil or mulch. A dressing of finely sifted topsoil shall be applied and well brushed into the joints. Any inequalities in finished levels owing to variation in turf thickness or uneven consolidation of soil shall be adjusted by raking and/or packing fine soil under the turf. A roller shall not be used. The finished levels of the turf shall conform to the levels indicated, allowing for final settlement. Turf edges and margins shall be laid with whole turves. Turves adjoining buildings, walls or fences shall be taken to the face of the structure, giving complete soil cover.

Laying around trees
Turf shall not be laid to within 300mm of any tree trunk.

Watering
The Contractor shall be responsible for the replacement of any scorched turf. All necessary watering shall be carried out with sprinklers or oscillating sprays so as not to wash soil out of joints. If shrinkage occurs and the joints open, fine topsoil shall be brushed in and well watered.

PROTECTION TO EXISTING TREES

Refer to We know Services Arboricultural Impact Assessment and Arboricultural Method Statement

MAINTENANCE
All maintenance to be carried out up to handover to the adopting authority/ householder from the date of planting and turfing to ensure successful establishment. All dead, diseased, damaged plants must be replaced during this time unless the local Planning Authority states, in writing, any variation to this.

Weeding
All beds to be kept weed free by hand weeding. Beds to be forked over as necessary to keep soil loose to approved cambers with no hollows.

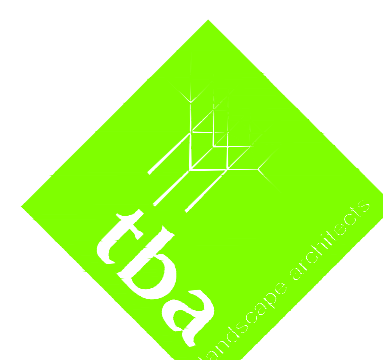
Pruning
At appropriate time, prune plants to remove dead, dying or diseased wood and suckers to promote healthy growth and natural shape.

Watering
The Contractor shall ensure that sufficient water is applied to maintain healthy growth.

Litter
Site to be kept free of litter.

Grass cutting
The initial cut shall be carried out when first growth is apparent, blades set 20mm above ground. The Contractor shall continue cutting at appropriate intervals during the growing season and maintain 40mm high sward until grass areas are handed over. Watering, weeding, cutting, repair of all erosion and settlement and re-seeding as necessary to establish a uniform and healthy stand of grass shall continue until handover to the householder.

Amends to latest layout	02.08.23	A	JW
No dimension to be scaled from this drawing	Date	Rev	Dwn
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Project PHEONIX WORKS, BROOKES STREET, MIDDLETON TYSON CONSTRUCTION			
Title LANDSCAPE COLOURED MASTERPLAN			
Date June 23	Scale(s) 1:200 @ A1	Dwg no 7181.01	Rev A
Dwn JW	Chkd		