BUILDING REGULATIONS NOTES

PARTY WALL ACT
The owner, should they need to do so under the requirements of the Party Wall Act 1996, has a duty to serve a Party Structure Notice on any adjoining owner if building work on, to or near an existing Party Wall involves any of the following:
- Support of beam
- Insertion of DPC through wall
- Raising a wall or cutting off projections
- Demolition and rebuilding
- Underpinning
- Insertion of lead flashings
- Excavations within 3 metres of an existing structure where the new foundations will go deeper than adjoining foundations, or within 6 metres of an existing structure where the new foundations are within a 45 degree line of the adjoining foundations.

A Party Wall Agreement is to be in place prior to start of works on site.

THERMAL BRIDGING
Care shall be taken to limit the occurrence of thermal bridging in the insulation layers caused by gaps within the thermal element, (i.e. around windows and door openings). Reasonable provision shall also be made to ensure the extension is constructed to minimise unwanted air leakage through the new building fabric.

MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP
All works are to be carried out in a workmanlike manner. All materials and workmanship must comply with Regulation 7 of the Building Regulations, all relevant British Standards, European Standards, Agreement Certificates, Product Certification of Schemes (Kite Marks) etc. Products conforming to a European technical standard or harmonised European product should have a CE marking.

BASIC RADON PROTECTION
Provide a 1200g (300 um) radon membrane under floor slab lapped 300mm double welted and taped with gas proof tape at joints and service entry points. Carry membrane over cavity and provide suitable cavity tray and weep holes.

SITE PREPARATION
Ground to be prepared for new works by removing all unsuitable material, vegetable matter and tree or shrub roots to a suitable depth to prevent future growth. Seal up, cap off, disconnect and remove existing redundant services as necessary. Reasonable precautions must also be taken to avoid danger to health and safety caused by contaminants and ground gases e.g. landfill gases, radon, vapours etc. on or in the ground covered, or to be covered by the building.

EXISTING STRUCTURE
Existing structure including foundations, beams, walls and lintels carrying new and altered loads are to be exposed and checked for adequacy prior to commencement of work and as required by the Building Control Officer.

BEAMS
Supply and install new structural elements such as new beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc FireLine board with staggered joints, Gyproc FireCase or painted in Nullifire S or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance as agreed with Building Control. All fire protection to be installed as detailed by specialist manufacturer.

LINTELS
– For uniformly distributed loads and standard 2 storey domestic loadings only
Lintel widths are to be equal to wall thickness. All lintels over 750mm sized internal door openings to be 65mm deep pre–stressed concrete plank lintels. 150mm deep lintels are to be used for 900mm sized internal door openings. Lintels to have a minimum bearing of 150mm on each end. Any existing lintels carrying additional loads are to be exposed for inspection at commencement of work on site. All pre–stressed concrete lintels to be designed and manufactured in accordance with BS 8110, with a concrete strength of 50 or 40 N/mm² and incorporating steel strands to BS 5896 to support loadings assessed to BS 5977 Part 1.
For other structural openings provide proprietary insulated steel lintels suitable for spans and loadings in compliance with Approved Document A and lintel manufactures standard tables. Stop ends, DPC trays and weep holes to be provided above all externally located lintels.

STRAPPING FOR PITCHED ROOF
Gable walls should be strapped to roofs at 2m centres. All external walls running parallel to roof rafters to be restrained at roof level using 1000mm x 30mm x 5mm galvanised mild steel horizontal straps or other approved to BSEN 845–1 built into walls at max 2000mm centres and to be taken across minimum 3 rafters and screw fixed. Provide solid noggins between rafters at strap positions. All wall plates to be 100 x 50mm fixed to inner skin of cavity wall using 30mm x 5mm x 1000mm galvanized metal straps or other approved to BSEN 845–1 at maximum 2m centres.

ESCAPE WINDOWS
Provide emergency egress windows to any newly created first floor habitable rooms and ground floor inner rooms.
The window should have an unobstructed clear openable area that is at least 0.33m² and have no clear dimension less than 450mm high or 450mm wide.
The bottom of the openable area should be not more than 1100mm above the floor.
The window should enable the person to reach a place free from danger from fire.

OPENINGS AND RETURNS
An opening or recess greater than 0.1m² shall be at least 550mm from the supported wall (measured internally).

STRIP FOUNDATION
Provide 225mm x 600mm concrete foundation, concrete mix to conform to BS EN 206–1 and BS 8500–2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level, exact depth to be agreed on site with Building Control Officer to suit site conditions. All constructed in accordance with 2010 Building Regulations A1/2 and BS 8004:1986 Code of Practice for Foundations. Ensure foundations are constructed below invert level of any adjacent drains. Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required. Please note that should any adverse soil conditions be found or any major tree roots in excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be contacted and the advice of a structural engineer should be sought.

WALLS BELOW GROUND
All new walls to have Class A blockwork below ground level or alternatively semi engineering brickwork in 1:4 masonry cement or equal approved specification. Cavities below ground level to be filled with lean mix concrete min 225mm below damp proof course. Or provide lean mix backfill at base of cavity wall (150mm below damp course) laid to fall to weepholes.

FULL FILL CAVITY WALL
To achieve minimum U Value of 0.18 W/m²K (actual U Value achieved 0.17 W/m²K)
New cavity wall to comprise of 103mm suitable facing brick. Full fill the cavity with 90mm Kingspan Kooltherm K106 full fill insulation as manufacturer's details, leaving 10mm cavity between the insulation and outer skin. Inner leaf constructed using 100mm lightweight block, 0.15 W/m²K, e.g. Celcon solar, Thermalite turbo. Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar. Vertical joints in the board must be staggered and all joints tightly butted.
All details including corner and junction to be as relevant BBA certificate.
Location to be assessed for suitability of insulation boards.

DPC
Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyload) damp proof course to both internal and external skins minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPCs and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

WALL TIES
All walls constructed using stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS 5628–6.1: 1996 and BS EN 845–1: 2003

CAVITIES
Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

EXISTING TO NEW WALL
Cavities in new wall to be made continuous with existing where possible to ensure continuous weather break. If a continuous cavity cannot be achieved, where new walls abuts the existing walls provide a movement joint with vertical DPC. All tied into existing construction with suitable proprietary stainless steel profiles.

CAVITY BARRIERS
30 minute fire resistant cavity barriers to be provided at at tops of walls, gable end walls and vertically at junctions with separating walls & horizontally at separating walls with cavity tray over installed according to manufacturers details.

PITCHED ROOF / LEAN TO INSULATION AT CEILING LEVEL
Imposed load max 0.75 kN/m² – dead load max 0.75 kN/m²
To achieve U value of 0.15 W/m²K
Roof Pitch 13 Degrees
Timber roof structures to be designed by an Engineer in accordance with NHBC Technical Requirement R5 Structural Design. Calculations to be based on BS EN 1995–1–1:2004 Eurocode 5: Design of timber structures. Roofing tiles Marley Medip 12.5 Interlocking Concrete Roof Tiles on 25 x 38mm tanalised sw treated battens on breathable felt supported on 47 x 100mm grade C24 rafters at max 400mm centres, max span 2.12m. Rafters supported on 100 x 50mm sw wall plates.
Insulation at ceiling level to be two layers of Rockwool insulation to total 300mm laid between over joists (cross direction).
Construct ceiling using sw joists at 400mm centres, finished internally with 12.5mm plasterboard and min 3mm thistle multi–finish plaster. Provide polythene vapour barrier between insulation and plasterboard.
Provide cavity tray where roof meets existing wall.
Where required provide opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide on two opposite sides to promote cross–ventilation and provide mono pitched roofs with ridge/high level ventilation equivalent to a 5mm gap via proprietary tile vents spaced in accordance with manufacturer's details.
Restraint strapping – 100mm x 50mm wall plate strapped down to walls. Ceiling joists and rafters to be strapped to walls and gable walls, straps built into cavity, across at least 3 timbers with noggins. All straps to be 1200 x 30 x 5mm galvanized straps or other approved to BSEN 845–1 at 2m centres.
Loft hatches should be suitable designed and installed to ensure optimum air tightness.

INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS
100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm ctrs with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm. Provide min 10kg/m³ density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (eg. 100mm Rockwool or Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud. Partitions built off doubled up joists where partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

INTERNAL MASONRY PARTITIONS
Construct non load bearing internal masonry partitions using dense concrete blocks built off thickened floor slab and tied at 225mm centres with proprietary steel profiles or block bonded to all internal and external walls. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs with skim plaster finish or 13mm lightweight plaster.

INTERNAL LOADBEARING MASONRY PARTITIONS
Construct load bearing internal masonry partitions using dense concrete blocks built off concrete foundation. Concrete mix to conform to BS EN 206–1. Depth to engineers details and dependent on ground conditions to be agreed with BCO. Wall tied at 225mm centres with proprietary steel profiles or block bonded to all internal and external walls. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs with skim plaster finish or 13mm lightweight plaster.

ELECTRICAL
All electrical work required to meet the requirements of Part P (electrical safety) must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a competent person registered under a competent person self certification scheme such as BRE certification Ltd, BSI, NICEIC Certification Services or Zurich Ltd. An appropriate BS7671 Electrical Installation Certificate is to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. A copy of a certificate will be given to Building Control on completion.

INTERNAL LIGHTING
Install low energy light fittings that only take lamps having a luminous efficiency greater than 45 lumens per circuit watt and a total output greater than 400 lamp lumens. Not less than three energy efficient light fittings per four of all the light fittings in the main dwelling spaces to comply with Part L of the current Building Regulations and the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide.

PROOF VENTILATION
Maintain a 50mm air gap above insulation in the roof pitch to ventilate roof. Provide opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide and opening at ridge equal to continuous strip 5mm wide to promote ventilation.

PITCHED ROOF VENTILATION
Maintain a 50mm air gap above insulation in the roof pitch to ventilate roof. Provide opening at eaves level at least equal to continuous strip 25mm wide and opening at ridge equal to continuous strip 5mm wide to promote ventilation.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE
Underground drainage to consist of 100mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipe work to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 100mm pea shingle. Provide 600mm suitable cover (900mm under drives). Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions. All below ground drainage to comply with BS EN 1401–1: 2009.

INSPECTION CHAMBERS
Underground quality proprietary UPVC 450mm diameter inspection chambers to be provided at all changes of level, direction, connections and every 45m in straight runs. Inspection chambers to have bolt down double sealed covers in buildings and be adequate for vehicle loads in driveways.

ABOVE GROUND DRAINAGE
All new above ground drainage and plumbing to comply with BS EN 12056–2:2000 for sanitary pipework. All drainage to be in accordance with Part H of the Building Regulations. Wastes to have 75mm deep anti vac bottle traps and rodding eyes to be provided at changes of direction. All new foul and SW above and below ground drainage must be agreed and inspected by Building Control

Size of wastes pipes and max length of branch connections (if max length is exceeded then anti vacuum traps to be used)
Wash basin – 1.7m for 32mm pipe 3m for 40mm pipe
Bath/shower – 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe
W/c – 6m for 100mm pipe for single WC
All branch pipes to connect to 110mm soil and vent pipe terminating min 900mm above any openings within 3m.
Or to 110mm upvc soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with BS EN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting.
Waste pipes not to connect on to SVP within 200mm of the WC connection.
Supply hot and cold water to all fittings as appropriate.

SOIL AND VENT PIPE
Svp to be extended up in 110mm dia UPVC and to terminate min 900mm above any openings within 3m. Provide a long radius bend at foot of SVP.

PIPEWORK THROUGH WALLS
Where new pipework passes through external walls form rocker joints either side wall face of max length 600mm with flexible joints with short length of pipe bedded in wall.
Alternatively provide 75mm deep pre–cast concrete plank lintels over drain to form opening in wall to give 50mm space all round pipe: mask opening both sides with rigid sheet material and compressible sealant to prevent entry of fill or vermin.

GROUND FLOOR CONSTRUCTION DETAILS DEPENDENT ON EXISTING CONDITIONS:

SOLID FLOOR INSULATION UNDER SLAB
To meet min U value required of 0.18 W/m²K
P/A ratio 0.5
Solid ground floor to consist of 150mm consolidated well–rammed hardcore, blinded with 50mm sand blinding. Provide a 1200 gauge polythene DPM, DPM to be lapped in with DPC in walls. Floor to be insulated over DPM with 100mm thick Kingspan Kooltherm insulation.
25mm insulation to continue around floor perimeters to avoid thermal bridging. A VCL should be laid over the insulation boards and turned up 100mm at room perimeters behind the skirting, all joints to be lapped by 150mm and sealed, provide 100mm ST2 or Gen2 ground bearing slab concrete mix to conform to BS 8500–2 over VCL. Finish with 65mm sand/cement finishing screed with light mesh reinforcement.
Where drain runs pass under new floor, provide A142 mesh 1.0m wide within bottom of slab min 50mm concrete cover over length of drain.
Where existing suspended timber floor air bricks are covered by new extension, ensure cross–ventilation is maintained by connecting to 100mm dia UPVC pipes to terminate at new 65mm x 215mm air bricks built into new cavity wall with 100mm concrete cover laid under the extension. Ducts to be sleeved through cavity with cavity tray over.

INTERMEDIATE FLOORS
Intermediate floor to be 25mm t&g flooring grade chipboard or floorboards laid on C24 joists at 400mm ctrs (see engineer's calculation for sizes and details). Lay 100mm Rockwool mineral fibre quilt insulation min 10kg/m³ or equivalent between floor joists. Ceiling to be 12.5 FireLine plasterboard with skim plaster set and finish. Joist spans over 2.5m to be strutted at mid span using 38 x 38mm herringbone strutting or 38mm solid strutting (at least 2/3 of joist depth). In areas such as kitchens, utility rooms and bathrooms, flooring to be moisture resistant grade in accordance with BS EN 312:2010. Identification marking must be laid upper most to allow easy identification. Provide lateral restraint where joists run parallel to walls, floors are to be strapped to walls with 1000mm x 30mm x 5mm galvanised mild steel straps or other approved in compliance with BS EN 845–1 at max 2.0m centres, straps to be taken across minimum 3 no. joists. Straps to be built into walls. Provide 38mm wide x ⅝ depth solid noggins between joists at strap positions.

EXTRACT FOR SHOWER ROOM
Provide mechanical extract ventilation to shower room ducted to external air capable of extracting at a rate of not less than 15 litres per second. Vent to be connected to light switch and to have 15 minute over run if no window in the room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141–4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

EXTRACT TO W/C
W/C to have mechanical ventilation ducted to external air with an extract rating of 15l/s operated via the light switch. Vent to have a 15min overrun if no window in room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141–4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

SMOKE DETECTION
Mains operated linked smoke alarm detection system to BS EN 14604 and BS 5839–6:2019 to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard. System to be mains powered with battery back up. Smoke alarms should be sited so that there is a smoke alarm in the circulation space on all levels/storeys and within 3m of the door to every habitable room. If ceiling mounted they should be 300mm from the walls and light fittings. Where the kitchen area is not separated from the stairway or circulation space by a door, there should be an interlinked heat detector in the kitchen.

EXTRACT TO KITCHEN
Kitchen to have mechanical ventilation with an extract rating of 60 l/s, or 30 l/s if adjacent to hob to external air. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141–4. Cooker hoods to BS EN 13141–3. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

ESCAPE WINDOWS
Provide emergency egress windows to any newly created first floor habitable rooms and ground floor inner rooms. Windows to have an unobstructed openable area of 450mm high x 450mm wide, minimum 0.33m sq. The bottom of the openable area should be not more than 1100mm above the floor. The window should enable the person to reach a place free from danger from fire.

ROOF LIGHTS
Min U–value of 1.6 W/m²K.
Roof–lights to be double glazed with16mm argon gap and soft low–E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band C or better. Roof lights to be fitted in accordance with manufacturer's instructions with rafters doubled up to sides and suitable flashings etc.

SAFETY GLAZING
All glazing in critical locations to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543–1:2011 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current Building Regulations, i.e. within 1500mm above floor level in doors and side panels within 300mm of door opening and within 800mm above floor level in windows.

NEW AND REPLACEMENT WINDOWS
New and replacement windows to be double glazed with 16–20mm argon gap and soft coat low–E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band B or better and to achieve U–value of 1.4 W/m²K. The door and window openings should be limited to 25% of the extension floor area plus the area of any existing openings covered by the extension.
Insulated plasterboard to be used in reveals to abut jambs and to be considered within reveal soffits. Fully insulated and continuous cavity closers to be used around reveals. Windows and door frames to be taped to surrounding openings using air sealing tape. Windows to be fitted with trickle vents to provide adequate background ventilation in accordance with Approved Document F.

Window trickle ventilation to be provided – 8000mm2 habitable rooms and 4000mm2 bathrooms

NEW AND REPLACEMENT DOORS
New and replacement doors to achieve a U–Value of 1.4W/m²K. Glazed areas to be double glazed with 16–20mm argon gap and soft low–E glass. Glass to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543–1 and Part K of the current Building Regulations.
Insulated plasterboard to be used in reveals to abut jambs and to be considered within reveal soffits. Fully insulated and continuous cavity closers to be used around reveals.
Windows and door frames to be taped to surrounding openings using air sealing tape.

This drawing has been produced for Building Regulation approval.
No work to be commenced on–site unless all approvals are granted.
Do not scale off this drawing.
All dimensions to be checked on–site.

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER TO CONFIRM ALL STEEL BEAM DETAILS / TIMBER FLOOR CONSTRUCTION / CONCRETE FLOOR SLAB INC PILING DETAILS (IF REQUIRED) AS WELL AS NEW ROOF CONSTRUCTION DETAILS – CLIENT TO OBTAIN

NOTES

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ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE CHECKED ON SITE BY THE CONTRACTOR / SUB–CONTRACTOR. ANY DISCREPANCIES ARE TO BE REPORTED TO NORDEN QUANTITY SURVEYING AND CONSTRUCTION SERVICES LIMITED.

Rev.	Description	Dr'n	Chk	Date
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Contract: 16 BELTON AVENUE, ROCHDALE, OL16 2TY

Title: PROPOSED TWO STOREY SIDE, FIRST FLOOR REAR EXTENSION AND FRONT PORCH

Scales: 1:100		Sheet Size: A3	
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