

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

PLANNING PERMISSION GRANTED

APPLICATION REFERENCE: 23/01320/FUL

Name and address for correspondence:	Applicant name:
Mr Daren Hamblett KMB Ltd The Old Bakehouse Willington Road Kirton PE20 1EH	.The Electric Highway Company Ltd

Part I - Particulars of Application

Date of Application: 4 January 2024

Proposal:	Retrospective application for the retention of electric vehicle charging hub consisting of 6no. EVC points and associated equipment.
Location:	Moto Birch Westbound Services , M62 Junction 18-19, Heywood, OL10 2QH, ,

Part II - Particulars of decision

The Rochdale Borough Council hereby give notice in pursuance of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) that planning permission has been **GRANTED SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS** for the carrying out of the development referred to in Part I above.

The Council hereby permits the above development in accordance with the details given on the application form and subject to the following condition(s):

Conditions and Reasons:

- 1 This permission relates to the following plans and documents unless otherwise required by further conditions below:
 - o Site Location Plan Drawing 7928_340 rev B
 - o General Site Layout Drawing ref ENV2269-100 Rev C
 - o Block Plan and Elevations Drawing 7928_341 Rev A
 - o Setting out plan Drawing ENV2269-103 Rev C
 - o Finishes Plan Drawing ENV2269-104 Rev C
 - o Linework Drawing ref ENV2269-105 Rev C
 - o Details sheet Drawing ENV2269-106 Rev C
 - o Landscape Mitigation Plan Drawing No MH9165-001 Rev A.
 - o Supporting Letter Dated 4 January 2024.
 - o Smarter Mobility Terra HP high power charging leaflet

and the development shall be carried out in accordance with these drawings and documents hereby approved.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and to ensure a satisfactory standard of development in accordance with the policies contained within the adopted Rochdale Core Strategy, the saved Rochdale Unitary Development Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework.

- 2 Within the next planting season, replacement trees shall be planted in accordance with the approved Landscape Mitigation Plan Drawing No MH9165-001 Rev A. Any trees or shrubs planted or retained in accordance with this condition which are removed, uprooted, destroyed, die or become severely damaged or become seriously diseased within 10 years of planting shall be replaced within the next planting season by trees or shrubs of similar size and species to those originally required to be planted.

Reason: In the interest of visual amenity and biodiversity and in accordance with Policies P3, G6, G7 and DM1 of the adopted Rochdale Core Strategy and the National Planning Policy Framework and PfE.

3 BIODIVERSITY NET GAIN

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition (biodiversity gain condition) that development may not begin unless:

a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority,

and;

the planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan, if one is required in respect of this permission would be Rochdale Council.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements in the list below is/are considered to apply.

Statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements in respect of the biodiversity gain condition.

The application for planning permission was made before 12 February 2024.

The planning permission relates to development to which section 73A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (planning permission for development already carried out) applies.

The planning permission was granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and

the original planning permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates* was granted before 12 February 2024; or

the application for the original planning permission* to which the section 73 planning permission relates was made before 12 February 2024.

The permission which has been granted is for development which is exempt being:

4.1 Development which is not 'major development' (within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015) where:

the application for planning permission was made before 2 April 2024;

planning permission is granted which has effect before 2 April 2024; or

planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 where the original permission to which the section 73 permission relates* was exempt by virtue of (i) or (ii).

4.2 Development below the de minimis threshold, meaning development which:

does not impact an onsite priority habitat (a habitat specified in a list published under section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006); and

impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has biodiversity value greater than zero and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat (as defined in the statutory metric).

4.3 Development which is subject of a householder application within the meaning of article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015. A "householder application" means an application for planning permission for development for an existing dwellinghouse, or development within the curtilage of such a dwellinghouse for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse which is not an application for change of use or an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.

4.4 Development of a biodiversity gain site, meaning development which is undertaken solely or mainly for the purpose of fulfilling, in whole or in part, the Biodiversity Gain Planning condition which applies in relation to another development, (no account is to

be taken of any facility for the public to access or to use the site for educational or recreational purposes, if that access or use is permitted without the payment of a fee).

4.5 Self and Custom Build Development, meaning development which:

consists of no more than 9 dwellings;

is carried out on a site which has an area no larger than 0.5 hectares; and

consists exclusively of dwellings which are self-build or custom housebuilding (as defined in section 1(A1) of the Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015).

4.6 Development forming part of, or ancillary to, the high speed railway transport network (High Speed 2) comprising connections between all or any of the places or parts of the transport network specified in section 1(2) of the High Speed Rail (Preparation) Act 2013.

* "original planning permission means the permission to which the section 73 planning permission relates" means a planning permission which is the first in a sequence of two or more planning permissions, where the second and any subsequent planning permissions are section 73 planning permissions.

Procedure Statement:

Date Decision Issued 31 October 2024

Melanie Hale
Head of Planning Services

IMPORTANT

PLEASE ENSURE THAT YOU HAVE READ AND FULLY UNDERSTOOD THE CONTENTS OF THIS DECISION NOTICE. YOUR ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO THE ATTACHED NOTES.

INFORMATIVE:

The Local Planning Authority's reasons for its decision are set out in the accompanying officer's report.

INFORMATIVE:

The applicant is reminded of the need to submit and obtain formal approval of those details required by the conditions of this planning permission before development may lawfully commence on the site. The formal discharge of a planning condition is currently subject to payment of an additional fee per request: £34.00 for householder applications and £116.00 in all other cases.

INFORMATIVE:

The proposed development lies within an area that has been defined by The Coal Authority as containing potential hazards arising from coal mining. These hazards can include: mine entries (shafts and adits); shallow coal workings; geological fissures; mine gas and previous surface mining sites. Although such hazards are often not readily visible, they can often be present and problems can occur as a result of development taking place, or can occur at some time in the future.

It is recommended that information outlining how the former mining activities affect the proposed development, along with any mitigation measures required, be submitted alongside any subsequent application for Building Regulations approval.

Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any coal seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) requires the prior written permission of The Coal Authority. Such activities could include site investigation boreholes, digging of foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Failure to obtain Coal Authority permission for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action.

Property specific summary information on coal mining can be obtained from The Coal Authority's Property Search Service on 0845 762 6848 or at www.groundstability.com.

INFORMATIVE:

The applicant is advised that the supply and delivery of refuse containers (including all wheelie bins and food waste caddies) for residential developments is chargeable and the responsibility for these charges rests with the applicant/developer. The cost is based on a variable rate per property depending on the property size and number of bedrooms but as an indication, the present charge for a suite of three 240l recycling bins and one 240l refuse bin is £144 per residence. Please contact environmental.management@rochdale.gov.uk for a quotation for your development.

The Local Planning Authority worked proactively with the applicant to identify various solutions during the application process to ensure that the proposal comprised sustainable development and would improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area and would accord with the development plan. These were incorporated into the scheme and/or have been secured by planning condition.