

## The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024

### Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) Exemption Statement

For: Mr Ajmal Mukhtar. 213 Halifax Road Rochdale

The proposed development seeks to extend the current property as single storey ground floor and two storey to the first floor to create one duplex and one ground floor flat in addition to the existing first floor flat and shop/convenience store.

Planning Reference:

PL/2026/0353

At:

213 Halifax Road, Rochdale, OL12 9RF

Completed By:

Mr Steve Jackson (Principal)

Date of Exemption Statement Completion:

30/04/2026

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1. Article 7 ('General requirements: applications for planning permission including outline planning permission') of Part 3 of The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015, as amended by Regulation 5 of Part 4 of The Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024 has introduced national validation prerequisites for planning applications relating to Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG).
2. Schedule 14 of the Environment Act 2021 introduced the concept of BNG into planning legislation, stating that "the biodiversity gain objective is met in relation to development for which planning permission is granted if the biodiversity value attributable to the development exceeds the pre-development biodiversity value of the onsite habitat by at least [10%]".
3. Schedule 14 of the Environment Act 2021 additionally mandates that biodiversity gain objectives will be achieved through the imposition of planning conditions, thus constituting a post-permission process.
4. However, certain types of development for which planning permission is required are exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements and planning conditions. These are outlined in The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024<sup>1</sup>
5. The development proposals for this application meets the following exemption criterion from the Regulations (reference wording from the Regulations):

The proposed development meets conditions 1 and 2 of section 4 of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (exemption regulations 2024)

Development that does not impact a priority habitat and impacts less than 25m<sup>2</sup> (5m x 5m) of on site habitat, or 5 metres of linear habitat such as hedgerows

### Section 5: The exemption criterion claimed:

Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024, also known as the "de minimis exemption", states the following: The biodiversity gain planning condition does not apply in relation to planning permission for development which: (Condition 1) does not impact an onsite priority habitat, and (Condition 2) impacts less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has a biodiversity value greater than zero; and less than 5 metres in length of onsite linear habitat.

The proposed development meets Conditions 1 and 2 of Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024.

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<sup>1</sup> The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024:  
<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2024/47/made/data.pdf>

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6. State how this application meets the exemption criterion stated above (see worked example for reference):

The site is wholly hard surfaced, no trees (within the site), area or linear habitat features on site.

Beyond the site perimeter there is a mature tree although there is some spread of its foliage and branches over the site this is less than the regulation states of 25m<sup>2</sup> thus has no bearing.

As such the proposals would impact upon less than 25m<sup>2</sup>/5 linear metres of habitat.

The site does not contain any priority habitats listed under the Government's List of priority habitats and species in England ('Section 41 habitats and species') for public bodies, landowners and funders to use for biodiversity conservation, a copy of which can be found at the following website: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/habitats-and-species-of-principal-importance-in-england>

The proposed dwelling house will be constructed on land currently occupied by outbuildings and hardstanding surfaces, consisting of a mix of resin, stones, and concrete.

Consequently, the area to be developed can be described as consisting of a mix of habitats classified under the UK Habitat Classification, as detailed in Appendix 2 of The Small Sites Metric (Statutory Biodiversity Metric) User Guide (2024), as follows:

- Urban - Un-vegetated garden
- Urban - Developed land; sealed surface ("Impermeable Hardscape")
- Urban - Artificial unvegetated, unsealed surface ("Permeable Hardscape")

None of the habitat classifications within the red line boundary have a biodiversity value exceeding zero, as can be verified in the Government's Small Sites Metric (Statutory Biodiversity Metric) User Guide and Calculation Tools (2024). Consequently, the proposed development would impact less than 25 square metres of onsite habitat that has a biodiversity value greater than zero, thereby meeting Condition 2 of Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024.

As a result, the proposed development is exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements and planning conditions under the de minimis rule of Section 4 of The Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Exemptions) Regulations 2024.

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7. Provide aerial imagery / photographs (or alternative sources), plans and captions to evidence your statement. For example, you may wish annotate images to show how the proposed development sits within the existing site/habitats, and how the proposals accord with the exemption claim. Add more photographs, plans or imagery of proposals if necessary.

Aerial imagery: Photograph 1:



8. Whilst the development may be exempt from statutory Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) requirements, the application for planning permission will deliver measurable net gains for nature conservation which are proportional and locally appropriate, in the following ways:

measurable net gains for nature conservation to be introduced are 2 NO Bat and 2 NO bird (swift) boxes to be positioned upon both the existing and proposed elements of the building not directly south facing and at a height no less than 3m from ground level.

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